

Illinois State University

Prepared 2023-07-28 IPEDS: 145813



About This Report

About Your Engagement Indicators Report

Engagement Indicators (EIs) provide a useful summary of the detailed information contained in your students' NSSE responses. By combining responses to related NSSE questions, each EI offers valuable information about a distinct aspect of student engagement. Ten indicators, based on three to eight survey questions each (a total of 47 survey questions), are organized into four broad themes as shown at right. The specific items within each EI are listed below, starting on page 5.

Theme	Engagement Indicator
	Higher-Order Learning
Academic Challenge	Reflective & Integrative Learning
ricademie chanenge	Learning Strategies
	Quantitative Reasoning
	Collaborative Learning
Learning with Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others
	Discussions with Diverse others
Experiences with Faculty	Student-Faculty Interaction
,	Effective Teaching Practices
	Quality of Interactions
Campus Environment	Quality of Interactions
	Supportive Environment

Report Sections

Overview (p. 3)

Displays how average EI scores for your students compare with those of students at your comparison group institutions.

Theme Reports (pp. 4-13)

Detailed views of EI scores within the four themes for your students and those at comparison group institutions. Three views offer varied insights into your EI scores:

Mean Comparisons

Straightforward comparisons of average scores between your students and those at comparison group institutions, with tests of significance and effect sizes (see below).

Score Distributions

Box-and-whisker charts show the variation in scores within your institution and comparison groups.

Performance on Indicator Items

Responses to each item in a given EI are summarized for your institution and comparison groups.

Comparisons with High-Performing Institutions (p. 15) Comparisons of your students' average scores on each EI with those of students at institutions whose average scores were in the top 50% and top 10% of all current- and prior-year institutions.

Detailed Statistics (pp. 16-19)

Detailed information about EI score means, distributions, and tests of statistical significance.

Interpreting Comparisons

Mean comparisons report both statistical significance and effect size. Effect size indicates the practical importance of an observed difference. For EI comparisons, NSSE research has concluded that an effect size of about .1 may be considered small, .3 medium, and .5 large (Rocconi & Gonyea, 2018). Comparisons with an effect size of at least .3 in magnitude (before rounding) are highlighted in the Overview (p. 3).

Els vary more among students within an institution than between institutions, like many experiences and outcomes in higher education. As a result, focusing attention on average scores alone amounts to examining the tip of the iceberg. It's equally important to understand how student engagement varies within your institution. Score distributions indicate how El scores vary among your students and those in your comparison groups. Your NSSE Tableau dashboards and Report Builder (released in the fall) offer valuable perspectives on internal variation and help you investigate your students' engagement in depth.

How Engagement Indicators are Computed

Each EI is scored on a 60-point scale. To produce an indicator score, the response set for each item is converted to a 60-point scale (e.g., Never = 0; Sometimes = 20; Often = 40; Very often = 60), and the rescaled items are averaged. Thus a score of zero means a student responded at the bottom of the scale for every item in the EI, while a score of 60 indicates responses at the top of the scale on every item.

For more information on EIs and their psychometric properties, refer to the NSSE website: nsse.indiana.edu

Rocconi, L.M., & Gonyea, R.M. (2018). Contextualizing effect sizes in the National Survey of Student Engagement: An empirical analysis. *Research & Practice in Assessment, 13* (Summer/Fall), pp. 22-38.

NSSE national survey of student engagement

NSSE 2023 Engagement Indicators

Overview Illinois State University

Engagement Indicators: Overview

Engagement Indicators are summary measures based on sets of NSSE questions examining key dimensions of student engagement. The ten indicators are organized within four broad themes: Academic Challenge, Learning with Peers, Experiences with Faculty, and Campus Environment. The tables below compare average scores for your students with those in your comparison groups. Use the following key:

- **Your students' average** was significantly higher (p < .05) with an effect size at least .3 in magnitude.
- \triangle Your students' average was significantly higher (p < .05) with an effect size less than .3 in magnitude.
- -- No significant difference.
- ∇ Your students' average was significantly lower (p < .05) with an effect size less than .3 in magnitude.
- **Vour students' average** was significantly lower (p < .05) with an effect size at least .3 in magnitude.

Note: It is important to interpret the direction of differences relative to your institutional context. You may not see all of these symbols in your report.

irst-Year Students		Your first-year students compared with	Your first-year students compared with	Your first-year students compared with
Theme	Engagement Indicator	Great Lakes Public	Carnegie	Missouri Valley
	Higher-Order Learning			
Academic	Reflective & Integrative Learning			
Challenge	Learning Strategies			
	Quantitative Reasoning			Δ
Learning with	Collaborative Learning		Δ	
Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others		Δ	
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction	Δ	Δ	
with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices	∇		∇
Campus	Quality of Interactions			
Environment	Supportive Environment			
eniors		Your seniors compared with	Your seniors compared with	Your seniors compared with
Theme	Engagement Indicator	Great Lakes Public	Carnegie	Missouri Valley
	Higher-Order Learning			
Academic	Reflective & Integrative Learning	\triangle	Δ	
Challenge	Learning Strategies			
	Quantitative Reasoning		∇	
Learning with	Collaborative Learning	Δ	Δ	Δ
Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others	Δ	Δ	
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction	Δ	Δ	Δ
with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices	Δ	Δ	Δ
Campus	Quality of Interactions			
Environment	Supportive Environment	\triangle		



Academic Challenge Illinois State University

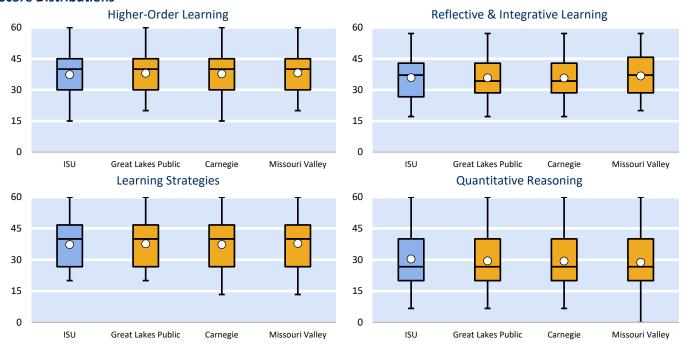
Academic Challenge: First-year students

Challenging intellectual and creative work is central to student learning and collegiate quality. Colleges and universities promote student learning by challenging and supporting them to engage in various forms of deep learning. Four Engagement Indicators are part of this theme: *Higher-Order Learning, Reflective & Integrative Learning, Learning Strategies,* and *Quantitative Reasoning*. Below and on the next page are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons		Your first-year students compared with						
	ISU	Great Lakes Public		Carnegie		Missou	ıri Valley	
			Effect		Effect		Effect	
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size	
Higher-Order Learning	37.3	38.0	05	37.7	03	38.2	07	
Reflective & Integrative Learning	35.9	35.8	.01	35.7	.02	36.7	07	
Learning Strategies	37.3	37.7	03	37.2	.00	37.8	04	
Quantitative Reasoning	30.4	29.4	.06	29.4	.06	28.8 *	.10	

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

Score Distributions



Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.



Academic Challenge Illinois State University

Academic Challenge: First-year students (continued)

Performance on Indicator Items

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

		Percentag	ge point difference ^a	between your F	Y students and
Higher-Order Learning	ISU	Great La Public		negie	Missouri Valley
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Ouite a bit" about how much coursework emphasized		1 dbii	c can	icaic	iviissouri valley
4b. Applying facts, theories, or methods to practical problems or new situations	% 69		-3 +1		-3
4c. Analyzing an idea, experience, or line of reasoning in depth by examining its parts	64	l i	-5	-4	-6
4d. Evaluating a point of view, decision, or information source	69	+1	+0		-0
4e. Forming a new idea or understanding from various pieces of information	70	ĺ	-0 +0		-1
Reflective & Integrative Learning					
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"					
2a. Combined ideas from different courses when completing assignments	53		-3	-1	-4
2b. Connected your learning to societal problems or issues	57	+5	+5		+1
Included diverse perspectives (political, religious, racial/ethnic, gender, etc.) in course discussions or assignments	58	+4	+4		-1
2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue	65	+0		-0	-0
Tried to better understand someone else's views by imagining how an issue looks from 2e. their perspective	72	+1	+0		-1
2f. Learned something that changed the way you understand an issue or concept	65		-2	-1	-2
2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge	77		-2 +0		-2
Learning Strategies					
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"					
9a. Identified key information from reading assignments	72		-0 +2		-1
9b. Reviewed your notes after class	68	+3	+3		+4
9c. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials	64		-0 +1		-1
Quantitative Reasoning					
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"					
Reached conclusions based on your own analysis of numerical information (numbers, 6a. graphs, statistics, etc.)	54		-1 +0		+2
Used numerical information to examine a real-world problem or issue (unemployment, 6b. climate change, public health, etc.)	48	+5	+4		+6
6c. Evaluated what others have concluded from numerical information	45	+1	+2		+2

a. Percentage point difference = Institution percentage - Comparison group percentage. Because results are rounded to whole numbers, differences of less than 1 point may or may not display a bar. Small, but nonzero differences may be represented as +0 or -0.



Academic Challenge Illinois State University

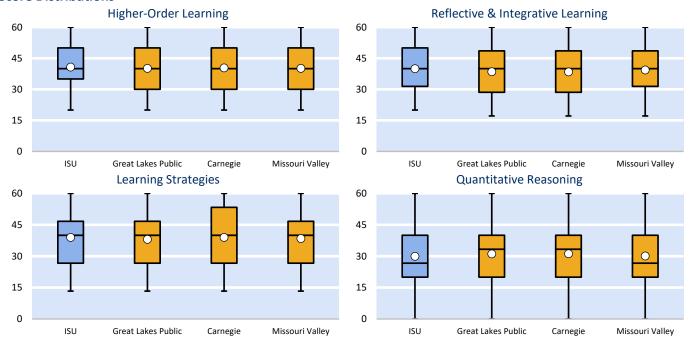
Academic Challenge: Seniors

Challenging intellectual and creative work is central to student learning and collegiate quality. Colleges and universities promote student learning by challenging and supporting them to engage in various forms of deep learning. Four Engagement Indicators are part of this theme: *Higher-Order Learning, Reflective & Integrative Learning, Learning Strategies,* and *Quantitative Reasoning*. Below and on the next page are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons		Your seniors compared with					
	ISU	Great Lak		Carno	J	Misso	uri Valley
			Effect		Effect		Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size
Higher-Order Learning	40.7	40.2	.04	40.3	.03	40.1	.05
Reflective & Integrative Learning	40.0	38.5 **	.12	38.4 ***	.12	39.3	.05
Learning Strategies	39.0	38.0	.06	39.0	.00	38.4	.04
Quantitative Reasoning	29.9	31.1	07	31.1 *	07	30.1	01

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

Score Distributions



Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.



Academic Challenge Illinois State University

Academic Challenge: Seniors (continued)

Performance on Indicator Items

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

	_	Parcentage noin	t difference ^a betweei	a your conjors and
		Great Lakes	t dijjerence between	i your semors and
Higher-Order Learning	ISU	Public	Carnegie	Missouri Valley
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much coursework emphasized	%			
4b. Applying facts, theories, or methods to practical problems or new situations	81	+2	+4	+5
4 _C . Analyzing an idea, experience, or line of reasoning in depth by examining its parts	76	+2	+2	+2
4d. Evaluating a point of view, decision, or information source	72	+3	+1	+1
4e. Forming a new idea or understanding from various pieces of information	76	+3	+2	+3
Reflective & Integrative Learning				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
2a. Combined ideas from different courses when completing assignments	77	+6	+8	+5
2b. Connected your learning to societal problems or issues	67	+6	+6	+2
Included diverse perspectives (political, religious, racial/ethnic, gender, etc.) in course discussions or assignments	62	+6	+7	+3
2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue	70	+3	+2	+1
Tried to better understand someone else's views by imagining how an issue looks from their perspective	72	-1	-2	-3
2f. Learned something that changed the way you understand an issue or concept	74	+2	+2	+2
2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge	86	+2	+3	+1
Learning Strategies				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
9a. Identified key information from reading assignments	78	+3	+2	+3
9b. Reviewed your notes after class	63	+1	-3	-0
9c. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials	68	+3	+1	+2
Quantitative Reasoning				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
Reached conclusions based on your own analysis of numerical information (numbers, graphs, statistics, etc.)	52	-5	-5	-1
Used numerical information to examine a real-world problem or issue (unemployment, 6b. climate change, public health, etc.)	45	-2	-3	-1
6c. Evaluated what others have concluded from numerical information	45	-4	-3	-1

a. Percentage point difference = Institution percentage - Comparison group percentage. Because results are rounded to whole numbers, differences of less than 1 point may or may not display a bar. Small, but nonzero differences may be represented as +0 or -0.



Learning with Peers Illinois State University

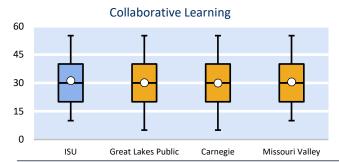
Learning with Peers: First-year students

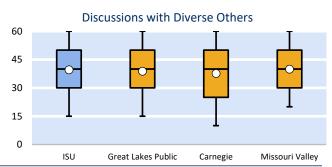
Collaborating with others in mastering difficult material and interacting with peers from different backgrounds prepares students to deal with complex, unscripted problems they will encounter during and after college. Two Engagement Indicators make up this theme: *Collaborative Learning* and *Discussions with Diverse Others*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons			Your j	first-year student	s compared v	vith	
	ISU			Carnegie		Misso	uri Valley
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	Effect size	Mean	Effect size	Mean	Effect size
Collaborative Learning	31.1	30.1	.07	29.9 *	.09	30.5	.05
Discussions with Diverse Others	39.5	38.8	.05	37.6 **	.12	39.9	03

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

Score Distributions





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Performance on Indicator Items

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

		Percentage poi	your FY students and	
		Great Lakes		
Collaborative Learning	ISU	Public	Carnegie	Missouri Valley
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%			
1b. Asked another student to help you understand course material	48	+1	+2	+2
1c. Explained course material to one or more students	50	-1	+2	· -0
1d. Prepared for exams by discussing or working through course material with other students	46	+5	+5	+3
1e. Worked with other students on course projects or assignments	53	+2	+1	-1
Discussions with Diverse Others				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often" had discussions with				
8a. People of races or ethnicities other than your own	75	+7	+8	+4
8b. People from economic backgrounds other than your own	75	+4	+7	+2
8c. People with religious beliefs other than your own	66	-1	+3	-6
8d. People with political views other than your own	62	-1	+4	-2

a. Percentage point difference = Institution percentage - Comparison group percentage. Because results are rounded to whole numbers, differences of less than 1 point may or may not display a bar. Small, but nonzero differences may be represented as +0 or -0.



Learning with Peers Illinois State University

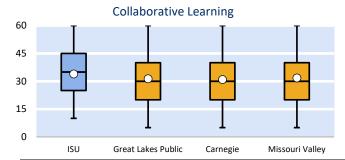
Learning with Peers: Seniors

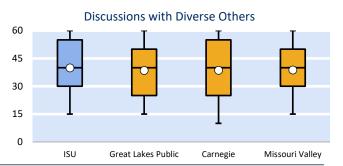
Collaborating with others in mastering difficult material and interacting with peers from different backgrounds prepares students to deal with complex, unscripted problems they will encounter during and after college. Two Engagement Indicators make up this theme: *Collaborative Learning* and *Discussions with Diverse Others*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons		,	Your seniors compared with	
	ISU	Great Lakes Public Effect	Carnegie Effect	Missouri Valley Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean size	Mean size	Mean size
Collaborative Learning	34.0	31.4 *** .17	30.9 *** .20	31.8 *** .14
Discussions with Diverse Others	39.9	38.6 * .08	38.6 * .08	38.8 .07

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

Score Distributions





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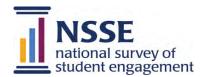
Performance on Indicator Items

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		Percentage point difference ^a between your seniors and			
		Great Lakes			
Collaborative Learning	ISU	Public	Carnegie	Missouri Valley	
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%				
1b. Asked another student to help you understand course material	48	+5	+6	+4	
1c. Explained course material to one or more students	64	+11	+13	+9	
1d. Prepared for exams by discussing or working through course material with other students	47	+7	+6	+4	
1e. Worked with other students on course projects or assignments	69	+5	+8	+7	
Discussions with Diverse Others					
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often" had discussions with					
8a. People of races or ethnicities other than your own	74	+8	+5	+8	
8b. People from economic backgrounds other than your own	74	+4	+4	+3	
8c. People with religious beliefs other than your own	67	+2	+2	-0	
8d. People with political views other than your own	62	+1	+1	-2	

Notes: Refer to your Frequencies and Statistical Comparisons report for full distributions and significance tests. Item numbering corresponds to the survey facsimile available on the NSSE website.

a. Percentage point difference = Institution percentage - Comparison group percentage. Because results are rounded to whole numbers, differences of less than 1 point may or may not display a bar. Small, but nonzero differences may be represented as +0 or -0.



Experiences with Faculty Illinois State University

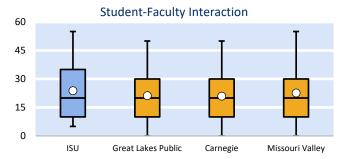
Experiences with Faculty: First-year students

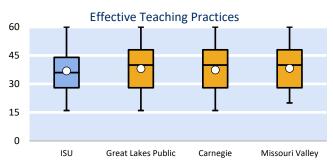
Students learn firsthand how experts think about and solve problems by interacting with faculty members inside and outside of instructional settings. As a result, faculty become role models, mentors, and guides for lifelong learning. In addition, effective teaching requires that faculty deliver course material and provide feedback in student-centered ways. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: *Student-Faculty Interaction* and *Effective Teaching Practices*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

lean Comparisons		Your j	first-year students compared w	vith
	ISU	Great Lakes Public Effect	Carnegie <i>Effect</i>	Missouri Valley Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean size	Mean size	Mean size
Student-Faculty Interaction	23.8	21.2 *** .17	20.9 *** .19	22.6 .08
Effective Teaching Practices	36.8	38.0 *10	37.404	38.2 *11

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

Score Distributions





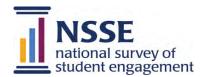
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		Percentage point difference ^a between your FY studen			
		Great Lakes			
Student-Faculty Interaction	ISU	Public	Carnegie	Missouri Valley	
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%				
3a. Talked about career plans with a faculty member	42	+4	+6	+2	
3b. Worked w/faculty on activities other than coursework (committees, student groups, etc.)	28	+6	+6	+5	
3c. Discussed course topics, ideas, or concepts with a faculty member outside of class	30	+4	+3	+1	
3d. Discussed your academic performance with a faculty member	35	+7	+5	+3	
Effective Teaching Practices		·	-		
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much instructors have					
5a. Clearly explained course goals and requirements	78	+0	+3	-1	
5b. Taught course sessions in an organized way	70	-3	+0	-4	
5c. Used examples or illustrations to explain difficult points	72	-3	+1	-2	
5d. Provided feedback on a draft or work in progress	58	-4	-4	-4	
5e. Provided prompt and detailed feedback on tests or completed assignments	56	-2	-2	-3	

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Experiences with Faculty Illinois State University

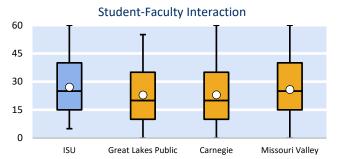
Experiences with Faculty: Seniors

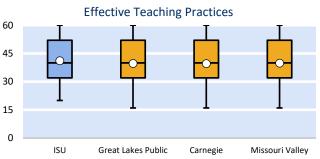
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Mean Comparisons			Your seniors compared with	
Engagement Indicator	ISU	Great Lakes Public Effect	Carnegie Effect	Missouri Valley Effect
	Mean	Mean size	Mean size	Mean size
Student-Faculty Interaction	27.0	22.8 *** .26	22.9 *** .25	25.8 * .08
Effective Teaching Practices	41.1	39.6 ** .10	39.5 ** .11	39.8 * .09

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		Percentage poi	nt difference ^a betwee	n your seniors and
		Great Lakes		
Student-Faculty Interaction	ISU	Public	Carnegie	Missouri Valley
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%		_	
3a. Talked about career plans with a faculty member	52	+11	+12	+4
3b. Worked w/faculty on activities other than coursework (committees, student groups, etc.)	33	+7	+7	+3
3c. Discussed course topics, ideas, or concepts with a faculty member outside of class	36	+5	+5	+0
3d. Discussed your academic performance with a faculty member	36	+6	+4	+1
Effective Teaching Practices				
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much instructors have				
5a. Clearly explained course goals and requirements	83	+3	+4	+2
5b. Taught course sessions in an organized way	80	+3	+5	+3
5c. Used examples or illustrations to explain difficult points	80	+3	+4	+3
5d. Provided feedback on a draft or work in progress	69	+7	+6	+6
5e. Provided prompt and detailed feedback on tests or completed assignments	70	+7	+7	+6

a. Percentage point difference = Institution percentage - Comparison group percentage. Because results are rounded to whole numbers, differences of less than 1 point may or may not display a bar. Small, but nonzero differences may be represented as +0 or -0.



Campus Environment Illinois State University

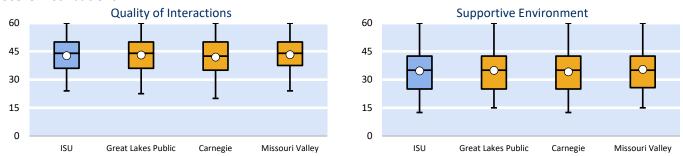
Campus Environment: First-year students

Students benefit and are more satisfied in supportive settings that cultivate positive relationships among students, faculty, and staff. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: *Quality of Interactions* and *Supportive Environment*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons			Your	first-year studei	nts compared v	vith		
	ISU	Great La	akes Public	Cai	rnegie	Misso	uri Valley	
			Effect		Effect		Effect	
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size	
Quality of Interactions	42.7	43.0	03	42.0	.06	43.2	05	
Supportive Environment	34.7	34.9	02	34.2	.04	35.4	06	

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .01 (2-tailed).

Score Distributions



Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.

Performance on Indicator Items

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

		Percentage point o	lifference ^a between y	our FY students and
		Great Lakes		
Quality of Interactions	ISU	Public	Carnegie	Missouri Valley
Percentage rating their interactions a 6 or 7 (on a scale from 1="Poor" to 7="Excellent") with	%			
13a. Students	48	-2	-1	-4
13b. Academic advisors	61	+6	+10	+6
13c. Faculty	47	-2	-1	-6
13d. Student services staff (career services, student activities, housing, etc.)	45	-2	-0	l -0
13e. Other administrative staff and offices (registrar, financial aid, etc.)	43	-2	+0	-1
Supportive Environment				
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much the institution emphasized				
14b. Providing support to help students succeed academically	69	-3	-1	-3
14c. Using learning support services (tutoring services, writing center, etc.)	72	(-1	+1	+0
14d. Encouraging contact among students from diff. backgrounds (soc., racial/eth., relig., etc.)	56	-5	-2	-5
14e. Providing opportunities to be involved socially	69	-2	+2	-4
14f. Providing support for your overall well-being (recreation, health care, counseling, etc.)	63	-4	-1	-4
14g. Helping you manage your non-academic responsibilities (work, family, etc.)	39	+3	+0	+3
14h. Attending campus activities and events (performing arts, athletic events, etc.)	65	+0	+3	-4
14i. Attending events that address important social, economic, or political issues	47	+2	+3	-1

a. Percentage point difference = Institution percentage - Comparison group percentage. Because results are rounded to whole numbers, differences of less than 1 point may or may not display a bar. Small, but nonzero differences may be represented as +0 or -0.



Campus Environment Illinois State University

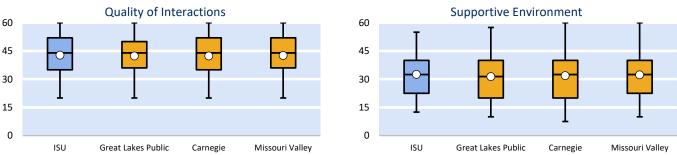
Campus Environment: Seniors

Students benefit and are more satisfied in supportive settings that cultivate positive relationships among students, faculty, and staff. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: *Quality of Interactions* and *Supportive Environment*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons		Your seniors compared with										
	ISU	Great La	kes Public	Car	negie	Misso	uri Valley					
			Effect		Effect		Effect					
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size					
Quality of Interactions	42.8	42.4	.04	42.4	.04	42.7	.01					
Supportive Environment	32.6	31.4 *	.09	31.9	.05	32.3	.02					

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

Score Distributions



Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.

Performance on Indicator Items

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

		Percentage poin	t difference ^a betweer	your seniors and
		Great Lakes		
Quality of Interactions	ISU	Public	Carnegie	Missouri Valley
Percentage rating their interactions a 6 or 7 (on a scale from I="Poor" to 7="Excellent") with	%			
13a. Students	59	+1	+2	-0
13b. Academic advisors	47	-2	-2	-6
13c. Faculty	58	+4	+4	+2
13d. Student services staff (career services, student activities, housing, etc.)	43	-0	-2	-1
13e. Other administrative staff and offices (registrar, financial aid, etc.)	45	+2	+1	+1
Supportive Environment		·		
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much the institution emphasized				
14b. Providing support to help students succeed academically	68	+2	+1	+1
14c. Using learning support services (tutoring services, writing center, etc.)	60	-2	-4	-1
14d. Encouraging contact among students from diff. backgrounds (soc., racial/eth., relig., etc.)	55	+4	+1	+1
14e. Providing opportunities to be involved socially	73	+9	+10	+7
14f. Providing support for your overall well-being (recreation, health care, counseling, etc.)	63	+6	+3	+2
14g. Helping you manage your non-academic responsibilities (work, family, etc.)	31	+3	-2	+1
14h. Attending campus activities and events (performing arts, athletic events, etc.)	59	+4	+6	+1
14i. Attending events that address important social, economic, or political issues	44	+5	+4	+3

a. Percentage point difference = Institution percentage - Comparison group percentage. Because results are rounded to whole numbers, differences of less than 1 point may or may not display a bar. Small, but nonzero differences may be represented as +0 or -0.

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Comparisons with High-Performing Institutions Illinois State University

Comparisons with Top 50% and Top 10% Institutions

While NSSE's policy is not to rank institutions (see **go.iu.edu/NSSE-PnP**), the results below are designed to compare the engagement of your students with those attending two groups of institutions identified by NSSE^a for their high average levels of student engagement:

- (a) institutions with average scores placing them in the top 50% of all 2022 and 2023 NSSE institutions, and
- (b) institutions with average scores placing them in the top 10% of all 2022 and 2023 NSSE institutions.

While the average scores for most institutions are below the mean for the top 50% or top 10%, your institution may show areas of distinction where your average student was as engaged as (or even more engaged than) the typical student at high-performing institutions. A check mark (\checkmark) signifies those comparisons where your average score was at least comparable to that of the high-performing group. However, the presence of a check mark does not necessarily mean that your institution was a member of that group.

It should be noted that most of the variability in student engagement is within, not between, institutions. Even "high-performing" institutions have students with engagement levels below the average for all institutions.

First-Year	Students			Your first-year stud	lents compared with	า			
		ISU	NSSE T	Гор 50%	NSSE T	op 10%			
Theme	Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	Effect size ✓	Mean	Effect size	\checkmark		
	Higher-Order Learning	37.3	39.5 ***	17	42.2 ***	38			
Academic	Reflective and Integrative Learning	35.9	37.3 **	11	39.8 ***	34			
Challenge	Learning Strategies	37.3	39.8 ***	18	42.8 ***	40			
	Quantitative Reasoning	30.4	30.7	02 ✓	33.4 ***	20			
Learning	Collaborative Learning	31.1	33.2 ***	15	36.5 ***	39			
with Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others	39.5	40.5	07 ✓	43.6 ***	30			
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction	23.8	25.4 *	10	29.3 ***	36			
with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices	36.8	40.1 ***	25	43.3 ***	49			
Campus	Quality of Interactions	42.7	45.2 ***	22	48.1 ***	45			
Environment	Supportive Environment	34.7	36.8 ***	16	39.6 ***	39			
Seniors				Your seniors of	compared with	mpared with			
		ISU	NSSE T	Гор 50%	NSSE Top 10%				
Theme	Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	Effect size ✓	Mean	Effect size	\checkmark		
	Higher-Order Learning	40.7	42.1 **	10	44.7 ***	31			
Academic	Reflective and Integrative Learning	40.0	40.6	05 ✓	43.1 ***	26			
Challenge	Learning Strategies	39.0	41.0 ***	14	43.6 ***	33			
	Quantitative Reasoning	29.9	32.7 ***	17	36.3 ***	39			
Learning	Collaborative Learning	34.0	34.7	05 ✓	38.1 ***	30			
with Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others	39.9	41.1 *	08	43.9 ***	27			
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction	27.0	29.6 ***	16	34.3 ***	46			
with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices	41.1	42.1 *	08	44.7 ***	27			

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

42.8

32.6

45.4 ***

34.5 ***

-.21

Quality of Interactions

Environment Supportive Environment

Campus

47.9 ***

-.41

-.37

a. Precision-weighted means were used to determine the top 50% and top 10% institutions for each Engagement Indicator from all current- and prior-year institutions, separately by class. Using this method, Engagement Indicator scores of institutions with relatively large standard errors were adjusted toward the mean of all students, while those with smaller standard errors received smaller corrections. As a result, schools with less stable data—even those with high average scores—may not be among the top scorers. NSSE does not publish the names of the top 50% and top 10% institutions because of our commitment not to release institutional results and our policy against ranking institutions.

b. Check marks are assigned to comparisons that are either positive or non-significant with an effect size > -.10.



Detailed Statistics^a **Illinois State University**

Detailed Statistics: First-Year Students

	Mea	n statisti	cs		Perce	ntile ^d sco	ores		Co	mparison	results	
	Mean	SD ^b	SE ^c	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	Deg. of freedom ^e	Mean diff.	Sig. ^f	Effect size ^g
Academic Challenge	mean			307	2501	30111	7501	33111	J. C.	۵.,,,	o.g.	5,20
Higher-Order Learning												
ISU (N = 529)	37.3	13.2	.58	15	30	40	45	60				
Great Lakes Public	38.0	12.9	.12	20	30	40	45	60	12,743	7	.219	055
Carnegie	37.7	13.3	.10	15	30	40	45	60	18,308	4	.501	030
Missouri Valley	38.2	12.9	.24	20	30	40	45	60	3,545	8	.168	065
Top 50%	39.5	13.2	.05	20	30	40	50	60	85,800	-2.2	.000	166
Top 10%	42.2	12.8	.13	20	35	40	55	60	10,870	-4.9	.000	383
0.1.												
Reflective & Integrative Learnin	_	11.0	50	17	27	27	42	57				
ISU (N = 568)	35.9	11.9	.50	17	27	37	43	57	12.076	1	0.4.4	000
Great Lakes Public	35.8	11.8	.10	17	29	34	43	57	13,876	.1	.844	.008
Carnegie	35.7	12.1	.09	17	29	34	43	57	19,900	.2	.707	.016
Missouri Valley	36.7	11.8	.21	20	29	37	46	57	3,803	8	.129	069
Top 50%	37.3	12.0	.04	20	29	37	46	60	80,095	-1.4	.006	115
Top 10%	39.8	11.8	.12	20	31	40	49	60	10,983	-4.0	.000	337
Learning Strategies												
ISU $(N = 503)$	37.3	13.3	.59	20	27	40	47	60				
Great Lakes Public	37.7	13.6	.13	20	27	40	47	60	11,725	4	.478	032
Carnegie	37.2	13.8	.11	13	27	40	47	60	17,032	.0	.984	.001
Missouri Valley	37.8	13.7	.26	13	27	40	47	60	3,324	6	.382	042
Top 50%	39.8	13.9	.05	20	27	40	53	60	69,026	-2.5	.000	181
Top 10%	42.8	14.0	.12	20	33	40	60	60	542	-5.6	.000	396
Overstitetive December												
Quantitative Reasoning	20.4	15.2	67	-	20	27	40	60				
ISU (N = 512)	30.4	15.3	.67	7	20	27	40	60	11.010			0.61
Great Lakes Public	29.4	15.0	.14	7	20	27	40	60	11,919	.9	.175	.061
Carnegie	29.4	15.3	.12	7	20	27	40	60	17,316	1.0	.151	.064
Missouri Valley	28.8	15.2	.28	0	20	27	40	60	3,372	1.6	.032	.103
Top 50%	30.7	15.3	.05	7	20	27	40	60	83,386	3	.645	020
Top 10%	33.4	15.4	.13	7	20	33	40	60	13,892	-3.1	.000	198
Learning with Peers												
Collaborative Learning												
ISU $(N = 582)$	31.1	13.5	.56	10	20	30	40	55				
Great Lakes Public	30.1	14.3	.12	5	20	30	40	55	15,157	1.0	.085	.073
Carnegie	29.9	14.1	.10	5	20	30	40	55	21,382	1.3	.035	.089
Missouri Valley	30.5	13.7	.23	10	20	30	40	55	4,064	.6	.315	.045
Top 50%	33.2	13.9	.05	10	25	35	40	60	93,366	-2.1	.000	151
Top 10%	36.5	13.7	.10	15	25	35	45	60	19,305	-5.4	.000	395
Discussions with Diverse Others												
ISU (N = 501)	39.5	15.0	.67	15	30	40	50	60				
Great Lakes Public	38.8	14.9	.14	15	30	40	50	60	11,807	.7	.298	.048
Carnegie	37.6	15.7	.12	10	25	40	50	60	533	2.0	.004	.125
Missouri Valley	39.9	14.6	.12	20	30	40	50	60	3,339	4	.581	027
Top 50%	40.5	14.8	.05	20	30	40	55	60		-1.0	.127	
Top 10%	43.6	13.9	.05	20	35	40	60	60	75,584 9,362	-1.0 -4.1	.000	068 295
10p 1070	₹3.0	13.7	.13	20	33	40	00	00	9,302	-→.1	.000	273



Detailed Statistics^a Illinois State University

Detailed Statistics: First-Year Students

	Mea	n statisti	cs		Perce	ntile ^d sco	ores		Со	mparison	results	
									Deg. of	Mean		Effect
	Mean	SD b	SE c	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	freedom ^e	diff.	Sig. ^f	size ^g
Experiences with Faculty												
Student-Faculty Interaction												
ISU $(N = 542)$	23.8	14.9	.64	5	10	20	35	55				
Great Lakes Public	21.2	14.7	.13	0	10	20	30	50	13,251	2.6	.000	.174
Carnegie	20.9	15.2	.11	0	10	20	30	50	19,014	2.9	.000	.188
Missouri Valley	22.6	14.9	.27	0	10	20	30	55	3,656	1.2	.096	.077
Top 50%	25.4	15.3	.07	5	15	25	35	60	45,777	-1.6	.015	105
Top 10%	29.3	15.3	.19	5	20	25	40	60	7,038	-5.5	.000	359
Effective Teaching Practices												
ISU $(N = 532)$	36.8	12.7	.55	16	28	36	44	60				
Great Lakes Public	38.0	12.7	.12	16	28	40	48	60	12,649	-1.2	.030	096
Carnegie	37.4	13.3	.10	16	28	40	48	60	18,278	6	.318	044
Missouri Valley	38.2	12.5	.23	20	28	40	48	60	3,530	-1.4	.020	110
Top 50%	40.1	13.5	.06	16	32	40	52	60	59,576	-3.3	.000	246
Top 10%	43.3	13.3	.15	20	36	44	56	60	615	-6.4	.000	486
Campus Environment												
Quality of Interactions												
ISU $(N = 472)$	42.7	10.5	.48	24	36	44	50	60				
Great Lakes Public	43.0	11.0	.11	23	36	44	50	60	10,907	3	.552	028
Carnegie	42.0	11.9	.10	20	35	43	50	60	509	.7	.138	.062
Missouri Valley	43.2	10.6	.21	24	38	44	50	60	3,143	5	.358	046
Top 50%	45.2	11.5	.05	24	38	46	54	60	482	-2.5	.000	220
Top 10%	48.1	12.1	.13	24	42	50	60	60	540	-5.4	.000	450
Supportive Environment												
ISU $(N = 491)$	34.7	12.9	.58	13	25	35	43	60				
Great Lakes Public	34.9	12.9	.12	15	25	35	43	60	11,370	2	.723	016
Carnegie	34.2	13.5	.11	13	25	35	43	60	16,495	.5	.426	.036
Missouri Valley	35.4	12.8	.25	15	26	35	43	60	3,224	8	.224	060
Top 50%	36.8	13.1	.06	15	28	38	45	60	52,012	-2.1	.000	160
Top 10%	39.6	12.8	.16	20	30	40	50	60	6,573	-5.0	.000	390

a. Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institutional size for comparison groups).

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b. Standard deviation is a measure of the amount the individual scores deviate from the mean of all the scores in the distribution.

c. Standard error of the mean, used to compute a confidence interval (CI) around the sample mean. For example, the 95% CI (equal to the sample mean \pm 1.96 x SE) is the range that is 95% likely to contain the true population mean.

d. A percentile is the point in the distribution of student-level EI scores at or below which a given percentage of EI scores fall.

e. Degrees of freedom used to compute the t-tests. Values vary from the total Ns due to weighting and whether equal variances were assumed.

f. Statistical significance represents the probability that the difference between the mean of your institution and that of the comparison group occurred by chance.

g. Effect size is the mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation.



Detailed Statistics^a **Illinois State University**

Detailed Statistics: Seniors

	Mea	n statisti	cs		Perce	ntile ^d sco	ores		Co	mparison	results	
	Mean	SD ^b	SE c	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	Deg. of freedom ^e	Mean diff.	Sig. ^f	Effect size ^g
Academic Challenge	····cu··			5	250		750.	350.7	J. 22.2	97-	9-	
Higher-Order Learning												
ISU (N = 782)	40.7	13.3	.48	20	35	40	50	60				
Great Lakes Public	40.2	13.6	.10	20	30	40	50	60	20,767	.6	.231	.044
Carnegie	40.3	14.0	.08	20	30	40	50	60	827	.4	.380	.030
Missouri Valley	40.1	13.8	.20	20	30	40	50	60	5,526	.6	.221	.047
Top 50%	42.1	13.7	.04	20	35	40	55	60	794	-1.3	.006	096
Top 10%	44.7	12.8	.13	20	40	45	60	60	10,096	-4.0	.000	308
Reflective & Integrative Learnin	ng											
ISU $(N = 812)$	40.0	12.6	.44	20	31	40	50	60				
Great Lakes Public	38.5	12.8	.09	17	29	40	49	60	22,201	1.5	.001	.117
Carnegie	38.4	13.0	.07	17	29	40	49	60	32,248	1.6	.001	.122
Missouri Valley	39.3	12.8	.18	17	31	40	49	60	5,846	.7	.175	.051
Top 50%	40.6	12.5	.04	20	31	40	51	60	88,245	6	.166	049
Top 10%	43.1	11.8	.13	23	34	43	54	60	9,758	-3.1	.000	259
Learning Strategies												
ISU $(N = 768)$	39.0	13.8	.50	13	27	40	47	60				
Great Lakes Public	38.0	14.7	.11	13	27	40	47	60	840	.9	.072	.063
Carnegie	39.0	14.5	.09	13	27	40	53	60	814	.0	.981	001
Missouri Valley	38.4	14.6	.22	13	27	40	47	60	1,079	.5	.339	.036
Top 50%	41.0	14.5	.05	20	33	40	53	60	780	-2.0	.000	138
Top 10%	43.6	14.1	.11	20	33	40	60	60	850	-4.6	.000	326
Quantitative Reasoning												
ISU $(N = 767)$	29.9	15.9	.57	0	20	27	40	60				
Great Lakes Public	31.1	16.3	.12	0	20	33	40	60	19,715	-1.2	.054	071
Carnegie	31.1	16.4	.10	0	20	33	40	60	29,248	-1.2	.049	072
Missouri Valley	30.1	16.7	.25	0	20	27	40	60	1,070	2	.786	010
Top 50%	32.7	16.5	.05	7	20	33	40	60	123,403	-2.7	.000	167
Top 10%	36.3	16.2	.16	7	20	40	47	60	10,599	-6.3	.000	392
Learning with Peers												
Collaborative Learning												
ISU $(N = 829)$	34.0	13.8	.48	10	25	35	45	60				
Great Lakes Public	31.4	15.2	.10	5	20	30	40	60	902	2.6	.000	.175
Carnegie	30.9	15.5	.09	5	20	30	40	60	882	3.1	.000	.201
Missouri Valley	31.8	15.4	.21	5	20	30	40	60	1,178	2.2	.000	.142
Top 50%	34.7	14.2	.05	10	25	35	45	60	97,998	7	.142	051
Top 10%	38.1	13.6	.12	15	30	40	50	60	14,094	-4.1	.000	302
Discussions with Diverse Other												
ISU (N = 770)	39.9	15.4	.55	15	30	40	55	60				
Great Lakes Public	38.6	15.6	.11	15	25	40	50	60	19,552	1.3	.021	.085
Carnegie	38.6	16.3	.10	10	25	40	55	60	817	1.2	.027	.076
Missouri Valley	38.8	15.5	.23	15	30	40	50	60	5,303	1.1	.078	.069
Top 50%	41.1	15.6	.05	15	30	40	55	60	107,766	-1.2	.036	076
Top 10%	43.9	14.8	.14	20	35	45	60	60	12,239	-4.0	.000	273



Detailed Statistics^a Illinois State University

Detailed Statistics: Seniors

	Mea	n statisti	cs		Perce	ntile ^d sco	ores		Со	mparison	results	
									Deg. of	Mean		Effect
	Mean	SD b	SE c	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	freedom ^e	diff.	Sig. ^f	size ^g
Experiences with Faculty												
Student-Faculty Interaction												
ISU $(N = 793)$	27.0	15.5	.55	5	15	25	40	60				
Great Lakes Public	22.8	16.0	.11	0	10	20	35	55	21,388	4.2	.000	.262
Carnegie	22.9	16.5	.09	0	10	20	35	60	840	4.1	.000	.249
Missouri Valley	25.8	16.5	.24	0	15	25	40	60	1,106	1.2	.037	.076
Top 50%	29.6	16.2	.08	5	20	30	40	60	822	-2.6	.000	161
Top 10%	34.3	15.8	.22	10	20	35	45	60	6,143	-7.2	.000	458
Effective Teaching Practices												
ISU $(N = 789)$	41.1	13.1	.47	20	32	40	52	60				
Great Lakes Public	39.6	13.8	.10	16	32	40	52	60	859	1.4	.003	.103
Carnegie	39.5	14.2	.08	16	32	40	52	60	838	1.5	.001	.107
Missouri Valley	39.8	13.8	.20	16	32	40	52	60	1,102	1.2	.014	.091
Top 50%	42.1	13.8	.05	20	32	40	56	60	808	-1.1	.020	079
Top 10%	44.7	13.4	.13	20	36	44	56	60	907	-3.6	.000	272
Campus Environment												
Quality of Interactions												
ISU $(N = 728)$	42.8	11.7	.43	20	35	44	52	60				
Great Lakes Public	42.4	11.9	.09	20	36	44	50	60	17,723	.4	.328	.037
Carnegie	42.4	12.6	.08	20	35	44	52	60	776	.5	.296	.037
Missouri Valley	42.7	12.2	.19	20	36	44	52	60	4,909	.2	.734	.014
Top 50%	45.4	12.1	.04	22	38	48	55	60	78,437	-2.6	.000	211
Top 10%	47.9	12.5	.09	22	40	50	60	60	792	-5.1	.000	405
Supportive Environment												
ISU $(N = 749)$	32.6	12.9	.47	13	23	33	40	55				
Great Lakes Public	31.4	13.9	.10	10	20	31	40	58	821	1.2	.011	.088
Carnegie	31.9	14.5	.09	8	20	33	40	60	801	.7	.167	.046
Missouri Valley	32.3	14.2	.21	10	23	33	40	60	1,078	.3	.563	.021
Top 50%	34.5	14.3	.05	10	25	35	45	60	768	-1.9	.000	136
Top 10%	37.7	13.9	.17	15	28	38	48	60	951	-5.1	.000	367

a. Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institutional size for comparison groups).

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b. Standard deviation is a measure of the amount the individual scores deviate from the mean of all the scores in the distribution.

c. Standard error of the mean, used to compute a confidence interval (CI) around the sample mean. For example, the 95% CI (equal to the sample mean \pm 1.96 x SE) is the range that is 95% likely to contain the true population mean.

d. A percentile is the point in the distribution of student-level EI scores at or below which a given percentage of EI scores fall.

e. Degrees of freedom used to compute the t-tests. Values vary from the total Ns due to weighting and whether equal variances were assumed.

f. Statistical significance represents the probability that the difference between the mean of your institution and that of the comparison group occurred by chance.

g. Effect size is the mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation.